*October* 12, 1774. NUMB. 2390.271

# The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

*Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.*

From the LONDON EVENING POST.
TO THE PRINTER.

*SIR,*

TO what an unhappy condition is this country and its inhabitants reduced! Even the privilege of complaining, a privilege allowed to ſlaves, is denied us, and we have nothing left but the melancholy recollection of what we have loſt. Whence ariſes this fatal and diſgraceful alteration? To what unhappy cauſe can we attribute ſo extraordinary a change in the ſentiments of Engliſhmen? There was a period when the Britiſh legiſlature would have enquired into the expenditure of the public money, and not, with the profuſion of a ſpendthrift, have diſpoſed of a property they had no right to but the right of guardianſhip. I believe, Sir, even in your memory, the repreſentative part of the nation would have had virtue and reſolution enough to demand of the different offices, an authentic account of their application of the money voted to them by Parliament. Theſe demands are out of uſe it ſeems at preſent, and the legiſlative body content themſelves with an implicit concurrence to the claims of the Miniſter, however extravagant and unneceſſary. They confide altogether in his aſſurances; and it is ſufficient for them if the proſtitute ſcribblers, in the ſervice of adminiſtration, proclaim to the world the wonderful œconomy of this reign, with the Miniſter's reſolution to preſerve tranquility, and reduce the national debt. In whatever ſociety either accident or deſign introduces me, I hear of little elſe but the *piety* of his Majeſty, and the *integrity* of his Miniſter; and, that the *uncommon* virtues of theſe extraordinary perſonages ſhould receive every poſſible advantage, I ſometimes hear the *one* oppoſed to the libertiniſm (as it is called) of Mr. Wilkes, and the other to his tranſactions with a Jew uſurer. Thus, by compariſon, are thoſe wretched ſycophants obliged to ſpeak of the *good* qualities of their Sovereign; to be even known, they require to be contraſted; and how humiliating muſt it be to Majeſty (was Majeſty capable of feeling ſo mortifying a circumſtance) to be *comparatively* mentioned with a private gentleman!

Is a King then of the Brunſwick line, whoſe anceſtors ſucceſsfully vindicated and maintained their right to empire, reduced to ſo diſgraceful a condition? Is the nephew of that man who ſuppreſs'd rebellion in its native clime, who manfully defended his country againſt the united efforts of France and Scotland, obliged to newspaper panegyriſts for his fame? And has he none but negative good qualities to boaſt of?

Is he indebted to the *vices* of Mr. Wilkes for his *virtues*; and has his favourite Miniſter no other inſtance of integrity to produce, but his not being unhappily engaged with an avaricious Iſraelite in a money tranſaction? In what corner of obſcurity has that hoary, political and medicinal quack ſought repoſe from the merited reproaches of the world? Has he already forgot his obligations *to the beſt of Princes*; or has the penſion, the reward of treaſon and of ſedition, been withdrawn from him? In what manner are we to account for the ungrateful ſilence of the ſarcaſtic Doctor? Has his Majeſty, among his *friends*, no one capable or willing to explain to the people, on what principles of policy or of juſtice a bill, ſubverſive of the rights of Engliſhmen, and in favour of Popery, could poſſibly have paſſed through the requiſite forms of our conſtitution, and become a law? Surely, Sir, Dr. ——, whoſe ſervices I have already mentioned, and whoſe attachment to the See of Rome is notorious and undeniable, might at leaſt have *attempted* (for it is all he could do) a defence of a meaſure, which carries abſurdity and villainy on the face of it. It is a ſubject on which the ironical Doctor, hackneyed in every ſpecies of political proſtitution, might have written from principle, without the leaſt injury to his conſcience; and it is matter of aſtoniſhment to me, that he has hitherto neglected to apologize for the introduction, or rather eſtabliſhment of the Papal authority in a part of the Britiſh dominions, and under a Proteſtant government. The Doctor, from a principle of gratitude, ſhould have ſtood forth upon the occaſion. His Majeſty, and more particularly his Holineſs at Rome, had a right to expect it.

Perhaps the Doctor thought it a ſervice of danger, and, unwilling to provoke the reſentment of the people by endeavouring to juſtify the meaſure, prudently reſolved to obſerve a ſtrict neutrality. In the ſame manner I account for the ſilence of Sir W. M-------. He is alſo under obligations to adminiſtration; and conſidering the *flexibility* of his nature, we might reaſonably expect him to have undertaken the defence of the Quebec Bill, but the Knight of the *Wand*, it is ſaid, has a *delicate ſenſe of danger*. In all doubtful caſes he obſerves an equilibrium; and, like General C-----, after ſpeaking two hours in a debate, leaves the houſe in entire ignorance which ſide he belongs to. Sir William, as well as many other men whom I could mention, affects a great regard to liberty in general; but examine his conduct, and you will find, Sir, that it has been one continued attempt to refine and explain away the life and ſtrength of our conſtitution, in favour of the little, preſent, momentary turns, which he is RETAINED to ſerve; and ſuch are the men who creep into the firſt offices of the State.

BRITANNICUS.

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*Philadelphia, October* 5, 1774.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A GOOD BRICK HOUSE, in Southwark, about one mile from the New-market, on Second-ſtreet, together with a few acres of paſture ground, on which are 180 apple trees, of the choiceſt collection; and if the tenant chooſes, he may be accommodated with five acres of the beſt meadow ground, adjoining the Point-houſe-land, on Glouceſter road. For further particulars, apply to the PRINTERS. *Theſe.*

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Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

*Having been informed of the Tendency of the* Quebec *Bill, and having juſt now lying before me, a Sermon, preached in* Chriſt-Church, *in this City, on the* 22*d of* June, 1755, *by the Rev. Mr.* R-----g, *from* CANT. viii. 8, 9. We have a little Siſter, and ſhe hath no Breaſts: What ſhall we do for our Siſter, in the Day when ſhe ſhall be ſpoken for? If ſhe be a Wall, we will build upon her a Palace of Silver; and if ſhe be a Door, we will incloſe her with Boards of Cedar. *I cannot forbear ſending you a few Extracts therefrom, for the Amuſement of your Readers, leaving them to judge how applicable they may be to that Bill, as well as to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament paſſed in the late and preſent Reign for enſlaving and taxing* America. *Yours,* L. S.

IS not this our Condition aptly pictured in the Text by a little Siſter without Breaſts? What then ſhall we do for our little Siſter in this her Day of Danger and Diſtreſs? What Courſe ſhall we purſue in Defence of our Native Rights and Privileges, when theſe Dogs of Hell, *Popiſh* Superſtition and *French* Tyranny, dare to erect their Heads, and triumph within our Borders? Shall we not riſe up as one Man, and with united Hearts and Hands vindicate our Religion and Liberties; our Proteſtant Religion and our *Britiſh* Liberties? Shall we refuſe any Aids of Wealth and Strength in our Power, when our diſtreſſed Country demands them at our Hands? Shall we not build upon her a Palace of Silver; ſhall we not incloſe her with Boards of Cedar?

Theſe Obſervations open a large Field of Diſcourſe. They ſuggeſt to us Points of ſo tender, ſo intereſting a Nature, that our Hearts cannot but burn within us while we are talking of them. Indignation ſwells our Breaſts, Love of Freedom inflames us, while we behold the Slaves of *France*, and the Inquiſitors of *Rome* approaching to cruſh us.

If it is yet poſſible for any among us to be ſo far in Love with Fetters, to be ſo fond of the Shackles of Slavery, to be ſo dead to all Senſe of Freedom, as to withhold the aſſiſtance of their Hand and Purſe, for the Security of Life, Liberty and Property, I can only join in the Exclamation of the *Numidian* Prince, when he obſerved *Rome* immerſt in a Deluge of Avarice and Corruption,—*O People, ready for Sale, if a Purchaſer could any where be found!*

But, my Proteſtant Audience, I hope and am perſuaded better Things of you: The Cauſe I am now urging you to embark in, is the common Cauſe; the Principle I am now exciting you to act upon, Chriſtian and commendable. Not an inordinate Thirſt of falſe Honour, to be acquired by Slaughter and Devaſtation: Not a Greedineſs to enlarge our Territories, or enrich ourſelves with Spoils, at the Expence of innocent and peaceable Neighbours: But an honeſt Deſire to preſerve in its due Channel, what Encroachment and Uſurpation would draw away: To aſſiſt in adjuſting ſuch a Balance of Power, as may prevent ourſelves and Siſter Colonies becoming a Prey to an inſatiable Devourer: To aſſiſt in eſtabliſhing Security of Commerce, and in aſſuring the Quiet and Safety of this whole Weſtern World. In ſhort, we proceed upon a Principle which aims at Peace.

Ariſe now, O God, and let thine Enemies be ſcattered: Do thou ſo bleſs our Sion, the Vineyard which thine own Right Hand hath planted, and thy good Providence hitherto preſerved, that neither the Gates of Hell, the Gates of *Rome*, nor the Gates of *France*, may ever prevail againſt her: Let there never be wanting a Race of Proteſtants to ſway the *Britiſh* Scepter, ſo long as the Sun and Moon endureth: Counſel, we beſeech thee, our Counſellors, and teach our Senators Wiſdom. Unite them in Heart and Affection; let there be no Strife within our Walls, ſave only the Godlike Emulation, of doing moſt good to the Public with uncorrupted Fidelity and diſintereſted Zeal; give us all Grace, that we may ſtudy to ſerve and pleaſe thee in all godly Quietneſs here; tranſlate us to a happy Immortality hereafter, to that Kingdom of Peace, where all Adverſaries ſhall be put under our Feet: And let every honeſt, loyal, Proteſtant Tongue anſwer, *Amen.*

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ALL Perſons indebted to SAMUEL NEAVE, late of this City, Merchant, deceaſed, are deſired to make Payment, to HARMAN and LEWIS; and thoſe who have Accounts againſt him are requeſted to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and immediately paid.

REESE MEREDITH,
HUGH ROBERTS,
LUKE MORRIS,
JACOB HARMAN. } Execut.

6 *w.*
*Philadelphia,*
*October* 8, 1774.

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To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the firſt day of November next,

A Valuable PLANTATION, ſituate in the townſhip of Buckingham, containing 115 acres of land, with a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with other buildings thereon, a good bearing orchard, about 10 or 12 acres of good meadow; the whole premiſes well watered and timbered; the title indiſputable.

Alſo, at the ſame time and place, are to be ſold horſes, cows, hogs, green wheat and rye in the ground, a caſe of drawers, pewter, and divers utenſils of huſbandry, too tedious to mention. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place, by OLIVA HOUGH, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

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*Lebanon Townſhip, Lancaſter County, October* 1, 1774.

WHEREAS JOHN JOHNS, living in Cocalico townſhip, Lancaſter county, has obtained a BOND from me, for Twenty-eight Pounds, dated in February laſt, payable the firſt day of March 1775; and whereas the ſaid bond was given for a piece of land, lying in Bethel townſhip, in ſaid county, and the ſaid Johns cannot give me a good right or title for the ſaid land; therefore, I forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment on ſaid bond, for I am determined not to pay the ſame until compelled by law, or the ſaid Johns gives me a good right and title for the land, according to his promiſe.

¶ JACOB ZOLLINGER.

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JOHN BALDWIN

Has for ſale, at the corner of Front and Vine-ſtreets,

RUM, melaſſes, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, tea, white and green coffee of the firſt quality, pork, indigo, Briſtol, Liverpool, Liſbon and Cadiz ſalt, &c. &c.

All perſons indebted to the late partnerſhip of Baldwin and Gilbert, by bond, bill or book debt, are once more requeſted to pay the ſame to prevent trouble; and all thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid partnerſhip, to bring in their accounts, and they ſhall be paid by John Baldwin.

Alſo thoſe that are indebted to the eſtate of Thomas Gilbert, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the ſame; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the eſtate, to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, and they ſhall be paid. JOHN BALDWIN, Executor, MARY GILBERT, Executrix. ¶

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To be LETT, or SOLD,

A COMPACT TRACT of LAND, in Muncey townſhip, Northumberland county, conſiſting of upwards of 627 acres, well timbered, with hickory, black and white oak, cedar, walnut, and ſome maple, and watered with ſeveral ſprings, and has a fine rivulet of water running through the whole tract, upon each ſide of which excellent meadow may be made. Any perſons whom this may ſuit, or more particularly, any perſons juſt arrived from Great-Britain or Ireland, &c. who may incline to ſettle upon lands in this province, may be accommodated with ſaid tract, upon very moderate terms, or may have it divided into two or three lots, as may beſt ſuit the parties. For particulars, apply to JOHN WIGLESWORTH, at his hard-ware, toy and briſh-ſhop, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia, where a plan of ſaid tract may be ſeen.

N. B. Said *Wigleſworth* wants an active BOY, of good character and morals, as an apprentice. ¶

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To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 26th day of this inſtant October,

A Valuable plantation, ſituate in the townſhip of Buckingham, Bucks county, containing about 150 acres of land, moſt of it lime ſtone, with a proper quantity of timber land and meadow, on which are two good ſtone dwelling-houſes, kitchen, ſmith's ſhop, and out-houſes, barns, ſtables, bearing orchards, grafted with the beſt kind of fruit. Alſo another plantation, ſituate in the townſhip of Plumſtead, in the county aforeſaid, containing better than 100 acres, on which is a houſe, barn, ſtables, orchard and meadow. The titles of both indiſputable. At the ſame time will be ſold, cows, horſes, ſheep, ſwine, a variety of houſhold goods and huſbandry utenſils, too tedious here to mention, and a ſett of ſmith's tools. There will be offered to ſale, a gold repeating watch, and ſilver ditto, with a number of other watches; ſeveral eight day, moon arched and ſquare faced clocks, made by the ſubſcriber, one of which is an eight day muſical clock, with four faces, plays 24 different tunes; in one of ſaid faces is an orrery, repreſenting the planets motions, and by turning a ſmall winch or handle will ſhew the diurnal rotation of the earth round her axis, annual revolution in her orbit, viciſſitude of the ſeaſons, inclination of her axis towards the plane of her orbit, paralleliſm, &c. with the motion of the moon and her nodes, performing her revolution agreeable to her periodical times, exhibiting all her various phaſes and latitudes, her orbit and the planets are inclined to the plane of the ecliptic, the one half above, the other below it. The moon's nodes ſhifts through all the ſigns, with a retrogade motion in nearly 19 years, by which eclipſes of the ſun and moon may be ſeen for time paſt or to come, by turning the winch backwards or forwards; on the out ſide is a ring or circle, on which is marked the days of the year, equation of time, and ſigns of the zodiac, with an index pointing to the day of the month, equation of time, and ſun's place; all the planets places, north and ſouth latitude, &c. is ſhewn; the whole conſtructed according to the Newtonian principles, and kept in motion by the clock, by which perſons, who have not ſtudied aſtronomy, may in a ſhort time acquire a general knowledge of the celeſtial appearances. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the morning, when due attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given by JOSEPH ELLICOTT.

N. B. As the ſubſcriber intends moving to Maryland ſhortly, earneſtly requeſts all thoſe that are indebted to him will ſpeedily diſcharge their accounts; and thoſe that have any demands may bring them in, in order to be ſettled. ¶

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TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WHEREAS there is a certain piece or parcel of LAND, ſituate, lying and being in the townſhip of Weſt Whiteland, in the county of Cheſter, and province of Pennſylvania, bounded as follows, viz.---Beginning at a marked white-oak, by the eaſt-ſide of Uwchland road, thence ſouth 73 degrees weſt 48 perches to a poſt, thence north north-weſt by land of David Howell 141 perches to a poſt, thence eaſt by John Cuthbert's land 82 perches to a poſt, thence by the ſaid road ſouth 12 degrees eaſt 48 perches to a poſt, thence ſouth 40 perches to a poſt, thence ſouth 12 degrees eaſt 28 perches to the place of beginning, containing 50¼ acres of land; one of the conveyances whereof, viz. from the aforeſaid John Cuthbert to the ſaid David Howell, for the aforeſaid 50¼ acres of land, was loſt or deſtroyed by accident. Now this is to give notice, that I, the ſubſcriber, being the proper and lawful owner of the ſaid land, do intend to petition the honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of this province, at their next ſeſſions, for an act to ſupply the defect in the chain of title to the aforeſaid 50¼ acres, by reaſon of the loſs of the ſaid deed, as aforeſaid. JOHN MORRIS. ‖ *October* 3, 1774.

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FOUR DOLLARS and FOUR PENCE Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in the Borough of Lancaſter, the evening of the firſt of October inſtant, an apprentice lad, named JACOB ZEIGLER, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, paliſh complexion, of a ſour down look, ſome what freckled, has dark brown hair, which he wears tied; had on a dark brown cloth coatee, ſtriped jacket and trowſers, and a ſmall hat, bound round with ſattin ribbon, though he may vary his dreſs, as he has taken a quantity of cloathing with him; he is much addicted to ſwearing and keeping evil company; it is thought he is gone towards Baltimore, or New-York, in company with a lad, named *Michael Houſeal*, pretty tall and ſlim, of a pale complexion, marked with the ſmall-pox, and wears his hair tied; they were ſeen in company the evening *Zeigler* went off. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid apprentice, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Four Dollars of the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by MATTHIAS SLOUGH, his guardian, and Four Pence only, paid by his maſter. THOMAS MENDENHALL. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

*By the Brig* VENUS, *Captain* STORY, *arrived here from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

*STOCKHOLM, July 19.*

THE day before yesterday notice was given in all our churches, that the private debts which the Prince or the Princesses of the Royal Family may contract for the future, will not be paid by the State.

*Warsaw, July 19.* We are assured that the Austrian Governor of Leopol hath received orders from his Court to fortify that place, which is already begun.

According to the last letters from Constantinople, the Turks must have suffered greatly in the two last engagements with the Russians, as the former avow their loss to have been more considerable than that published in the relations of their enemies.

The above advices add, that the Sultan is desirous of going in person to the army, which is retiring towards Adrianople; and that the Mufti, in order to put a stop to desertion, hath signed and published an ordinance, which enjoins every one to kill those who shall quit the army.

Advices received from the Ottoman army inform us, that a general dismay prevails there; which circumstance may probably forward the conclusion of a peace, in which the Courts of Vienna and Berlin interest themselves much.

*Petersburgh, July 12.* The last advices from Marshal Romanzow brought an account of the operations of the Russian army. Soon after the passage of the Danube, the corps under Generals Kamensky and Suwarow, attacked the body of troops under the command of the Reis Effendi, amounting to 40,000 men, which having made no manner of resistance was instantly routed: The whole Turkish camp was taken, together with 32 pieces of brass cannon; very few men were killed on either side. A separate party of the Turks having attacked Count Soltikow were vigorously repulsed, and 2500 Turks left dead in the field. Her Imperial Majesty has made Marshal Romanzow a present of six pieces of the cannon which were taken from the Turks.

*Vienna, July 16.* We are assured that the Turks never before shewed so much intrepidity as in the action between them and the Russians, on the 20th of last month. It continued for four hours, in the midst of a wood, except the last attack, which was on a plain. The Turks returned four times to the charge, and would certainly have cut in pieces a whole regiment of infantry, if two squadrons of hussars had not opportunely come to their assistance, and attacked the Turks in flank: As it was, great numbers of Russians were killed. Since this affair, the light troops of prince Kamenski have extended themselves towards Schumla and Warna. The communication between Silistria and Warna is already cut off.

Field Marshal Romanzow having on June 22 passed the Danube at Gurobala, on the 26th he advanced within four leagues of Silistria, where he fixed his head quarters. According to appearances, his intention seems to be to make another attack on that place, as all necessary dispositions for that purpose are carrying on upon the island which is opposite that fortress, and to which General Lloyd, an Englishman, has received orders to repair with four regiments, while General Soltikow is to observe the motions of that body of Turks which is near Rutzig.

*Brussels, August 2.* The harvest in this country is far advanced, and it is expected will turn out very plentiful; so that the liberty lately granted by the government for exportation of grain has given great satisfaction to the landlords and farmers.

LONDON.

*August 5.* At length the last hand is put to the convention between the courts of Petersburgh, Berlin and Vienna, for the final settlement of the Popish dominions. The court of Warsaw, now deserted by all the powers on whom they had placed some reliance, must implicitly obey the mandates which are enforced on them. The Poles are a most melancholy proof of the mischiefs arising from intestine divisions, and should be a warning to the ministers of other countries, how far they attempt an infringement on the rights of their fellow subjects.

Within these two years, it appears by letters from Newfoundland, that the Spaniards are carrying on the cod fishery in those seas, and that it is expected they will prove as troublesome cotemporaries in that employ as the French have frequently been. If I remember right, says our correspondent, the Spaniards are by treaty prevented from pursuing such measures, but treaties and negociation are esteemed now a days merely things of course.

The Parliaments of this kingdom in former times seem to have been very sensible of the danger there might be in flattering even the weakness of their princes, foreseeing the smallest foible he possest was not confined to his own person, and that it might be strengthened, if not timely curbed, that if it was strengthened it would seek to be gratified, and that it could not be gratified but at the expence of the people. We therefore find in our oldest historians very plain language used by the Parliaments to their Princes; but Parliaments are grown of late more complaisant, though that is not the strictest characteristic of honesty.

We hear a bill for rendering the crime of female seduction felony, in certain circumstances, will be laid before an august assembly at their next meeting.

*Aug.* 8. The Paris Gazette confirms the account of the King of Sardinia having recalled his Minister from the Republic of Venice, with the addition, that on the 9th ult. he sent a messenger to the Venetian Minister not to appear at Court any more.

*Extract of a letter from Warsaw, July 20.*

"By a courier passed here this week we learn, that General Romanzow, with the whole Russian grand army, passed the Danube the 25th ult, near Gurobala; and it is reported that he has already gained some advantages on that side of the river. General Romanius has likewise received intelligence that the Russian second army, commanded by Prince Dolgorucky, passed the river Bog, and advanced as far as Anderisky on the Dnieper, in order to attack Oczakow, and to have a watchful eye that no Turkish troops shall land upon the Crimea. Thus the whole Russian land forces are set to work, and their success will finish the whole struggle.

"The Prussian troops seize every thing going to Dantzic, either by water or land, and 200 men have forcibly taken possession of the Dantzicker Warder.

"The Delegates have many times sent notice to the Prussian Minister here, that he should give an account of the affair of Kompiela, concerning the insult of the Prussian troops; at last the Minister replied, that he would give no answer, unless it was required by the Austrian Minister, Baron Rewitzky."

*Extract of a letter from Berlin, July 26.*

"General Conway attended his Prussian Majesty from Potzdam to this city, and during his (the General's) stay, was very frequently in conversation with the King. The subject of the General's commission to his Majesty is reported to be the treaties, which are now nearly concluded between Prussia and Hanover, about exchanging some lands, and settling the demand of arrears, which the former has upon the latter. The General having concluded his business here, has taken leave of his Majesty, and has set off for the Court of Vienna."

A letter from Genoa, dated July 10, says, "Since the intelligence has been received here of the cession, which the Court of Versailles has made to his Majesty of Sardinia of the island of Corsica, the Republic seems to have given up all hopes of ever recovering it, and are endeavouring to make some advantageous treaties with his Sardinian Majesty, which he seems very readily inclined to come into; however, the naval preparations, which have been some time making, are still carrying on."

By a private letter from Gibraltar we are informed, that the following ships of war are lying at single anchor at Cadiz. The Neptune, of 68 guns; the Triumphante, 66; the Champion, 66; the Principe, 64; the Espana, 60; the Gabilan, 34; the Casador, 30; and the Majorquin, 26; the former of which has a Commodore's broad pendant on board. It is added, they have six months provisions on board, and are compleatly manned; their destination is not even known to the Commodore, who only waits for sailing orders, which he is in hourly expectation of.

*August 9.* The Dutch East-India company are sending large quantities of naval and military stores to their settlement at the Cape and Batavia.

*Extract of a letter from the Hague, August 2.*

"The Princess Royal Frigate of war, of 36 guns, is now at anchor in the Texel, waiting for a fair wind to carry the present designed by the States General for the Emperor of Morocco. Captain Tavenis, who commands this ship, received orders to go on board yesterday. He is to put into Gibraltar, in order to consult with Mr. Rossignol, the Dutch Consul in Barbary, concerning the manner of making these presents, which it is assured will not be presented till after the Emperor has signed the new treaty, and likewise a safe conduct and protection for our Consul against any insults from his subjects. The Archduke Maximilian of Austria is expected at the Hague very soon. Gen. Keppel set out this morning for Brussels, in his way to Spa."

A courier arrived on Friday at St. James's with some important dispatches from the Court of Turin, which were transmitted by the same courier to his Majesty at Kew, with whom he had the honour of a private conference.

We are assured, that Lord Stormont will soon set out from Versailles to Vienna, on some important matters which have lately arose at that Court, and which absolutely demand his Lordship's presence.

It is confidently asserted, that some secret proposals have been made to government by the inhabitants of Boston, of such a nature that it is imagined all differences will soon be happily conciliated.

Orders are issued for building some new forts, and repairing the old ones, on the north and west coasts of Ireland.

*Extract of a letter from Bastia, July 12.*

"After the French had sacked the pieve of Niolo, they surrounded a convent of Monks, and after searching a long time, they found at the bottom of several tombs about 600 muskets, with a large quantity of powder and other ammunition. All the religious, together with 62 other persons, were arrested by order of the Government, and two of them were hanged. Notwithstanding all the care of the French, 150 armed rebels found means to escape their pursuit, and retired to the woods. The Generals Marbœuf and Narbonne, after leaving 1200 men in those parts which have submitted, returned to the posts they occupied before this expedition."

We hear that orders were dispatched on Thursday last to Dublin, for four regiments on the Irish establishment to embark immediatly for America, the transports being already engaged, and directed to be victualled at Cork for that purpose.

Those persons who are weak enough to blame the Americans for their just, natural and spirited defence of their ancient rights and privileges, would, no doubt, have condemned our ancestors for their manly opposition to the various arbitrary and wicked designs of the Stuarts; and which opposition brought about not only the abdication of that wretched runaway James II. but also the glorious revolution.

*August 10.* The affairs of America are every day more and more embarrassing to the Ministry. The union among the Colonies is very alarming to them. Force attempted against one Colony will be resented as force aimed against the whole; and as the people on that side the Atlantic are growing rich, they in proportion grow sturdy and resolute.

BOSTON, October 3.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

By the GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS on the first day of September instant I thought fit to issue Writs, for calling a great and general Court or Assembly, to be convened and held at Salem, in the county of Essex, on the fifth day of October next; and whereas from the many tumults and disorders which have since taken place, the extraordinary resolves which have been passed in many of the counties, the instructions given by the town of Boston, and some other towns, to their Representatives, and the present disordered and unhappy state of the province, it appears to me highly inexpedient that a great and general Court should be convened, at the time aforesaid; but that a Session, at some more distant day, will best tend to promote his Majesty's service and the good of the province. I Have therefore thought fit to declare my intention, not to meet the said General Court at Salem, on the said fifth day of October next. And I do hereby excuse and discharge all such persons as have been, or may be elected and deputed Representatives to serve at the same, from giving their attendance, any thing in the aforesaid writs contained to the contrary notwithstanding; whereof all concerned are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

And the Sheriffs of the several counties, their Under-Sheriffs, or Deputies, and the Constables of the several towns within the same, are commanded to cause this Proclamation to be forthwith published and posted within their precincts.

*GIVEN at Boston, the twenty-eighth day of September, 1774, in the fourteenth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.*

THOMAS GAGE.

*By his Excellency's Command,*

THOMAS FLUCKER, *Secretary.*

*GOD Save the KING.*

A fray happened at Marblehead last week, between a soldier belonging to a company stationed there, and some lads, when an inhabitant, not concerned in the affray, received a bad wound with a bayonet; a warrant was immediately issued for apprehending the soldier; but it was thought best to deliver him up to the martial law.

The carpenters, employed in building barracks, left work last week, by the advice of the Selectmen and Committee of Correspondence.

Stores, out-houses, &c. are engaged in different parts of this town for barracks, sufficient to accommodate the several regiments that are now here.

About 150 weight of tea, which arrived at Old-York, from Liverpool, last Friday, and stored by a Committee, was the following evening taken away by a number of Pickwacket Indians, and has not since been heard of.

*The following is a copy of a letter which was sent to every town and district in this province.*

GENTLEMEN, *Boston, Sept. 27, 1774.*

THE Committees of Correspondence of this and several of the neighbouring towns, have taken into consideration the vast importance of with-holding from the troops now here, labour, straw, timber, slitwork, boards, and in short every article excepting provisions, necessary for their subsistance; and being under a necessity, from their conduct, of considering them as real enemies, we are fully satisfied that it is our bounden duty to with-hold from them every thing but what mere humanity requires; and therefore we must beg your close and serious attention to the inclosed resolves, which were passed unanimously; and as unanimity in all our measures, in this day of severe trial, is of the utmost consequence, we do earnestly recommend your co-operation in this measure, as conducive to the good of the whole.——We are, *Your friends and fellow-countrymen.*

Signed by order of the joint Committee.

*At a meeting of the several Committees of the towns of Boston, Roxbury, Dorchester, Watertown, Charlestown, Cambridge, Mistick, Dedham, Milton, Malden, Braintree, Woburn and Stow, September 27th, the following resolves and vote were passed,* viz.

WHEREAS the inhabitants of the towns of Boston and Charlestown, by the operation of the detested and oppressive Port Bill, are now suffering unspeakable distress, arising from the entire prohibition of commerce, and the transportation of even the necessaries of life by water from one town to another: And whereas, in addition to the severity of said execrable bill, General Gage, the military commander of this province, and the Admiral on his station, are now in the exercise of the most licentious and arbitrary acts of oppression, by with-holding provisions from this town, allowed by said act of Parliament, by embarrassing, unnecessarily detaining, and thereby preventing the usual supplies of fuel to said town, by harrassing, insulting and villifying the inhabitants passing and re-passing to and from the town of Boston, by alarming the people with the most formidable fortifications at the entrance of said town, by continuing and encreasing their apprehensions, with a design of erecting batteries and pickets to surround the town, thereby to awe and intimidate, if not to subjugate the inhabitants to a tame and unresisting state of servitude.

Therefore, Resolved, That it is the opinion of these joint Committees that should any person or persons, inhabitants of this or the neighbouring provinces, supply the troops now stationed in the town of Boston, acting in open hostility to the persons and properties of the inhabitants, with labour, lumber, joice, spars, pickets, straw, bricks, or any materials whatsoever, which may furnish them with requisites to annoy or in any way distress said inhabitants, he or they so offending shall be held in the highest detestation, be deemed the most inveterate enemies of this people, and ought to be prevented, opposed and defeated by all reasonable means whatever.

Voted, That it is the opinion of these Committees, that Committees of observation and prevention should be oppointed by each town, particularly in Roxbury, Milton, Dedham, Cambridge, Braintree, Mistick, Charlestown, and Watertown, and that the Committees of correspondence be desired to appoint Committees to see that the resolves of the joint Committees entered into this day be faithfully executed."

We have the pleasure to assure the public, that at the earnest request of a number of the wisest and best friends to American Liberties (in this and other Colonies) JOSIAH QUINCEY, jun. Esq; sailed for England last Wednesday Morning, on board Capt. Lyde.—Mr. Quincey's acquaintance with the other Colonies, and his perfect knowledge of the state of the province, renders him capable of doing eminent service to his country; and his firm attachment to the rights of mankind give us good reason to hope, that he will employ his opportunities and talents to the mutual and lasting welfare of the Old and New World.

It is said that upon the arrival of Admiral Montague in London, the Merchants there began to be very uneasy at their having shipped their goods to America, and that many of them wished they had stopped their hands, until the disputes between the Mother Country and the Colonies were settled.

NEW-LONDON, September 29.

*At a meeting of Delegates from the Towns in the Counties of Hartford, New-London and Windham, and part of the County of Litchfield, held at Hartford on the 15th of September,* 1774.

WILLIAM WOLCOT, Esq; Chairman,

Capt. SAMUEL WYLLYS, Clerk.

THIS meeting taking into their serious consideration the absolute necessity of a non-consumption agreement, as shall be recommended by the general Congress of Delegates from all the free British Colonies in America, now convened at Philadelphia, and also that their opinion and resolution thereon hath not been yet fully made known to the Delegates from this colony in said Congress,

DO DECLARE and RESOLVE, That in case the said general Congress shall recommend a non-importation of British goods only, or of British and West-India goods, we will enter into a solemn contract and agreement not to purchase or consume any articles, that shall be prohibited by such non-importation agreement, and use our utmost endeavours to render the same general and effectual; and do hereby make known, that we have in general been assured by the towns we represent, that they will readily accede to, adopt, and religiously observe such non-consumption agreement as aforesaid.

And whereas this meeting is informed, that great quantities of English and India goods are ordered by sundry sordid and avaricious men, in our neighbouring Colonies, to be purchased in England, and imported this fall, to give them an unreasonable advantage, and prevent the salutary effects of a non-importation agreement: *Resolved,* That such mercenary wretches, whose avarice can seek for gratification in the distress and ruin of their country, are wholly unworthy of our confidence, friendship or support; and that our non-consumption agreement may be useful to any good purpose, we will not purchase any

merchandize of them, or tranſact any buſineſs for them, or ſuffer them to tranſact any for us, but will wholly withdraw from them, and leave them to the conſolation of poſſeſſing and contemplating the curious moments of Britiſh induſtry and American ſlavery, which they would ſo greedily amaſs to themſelves for ſuch ſordid wicked purpoſes; and ſhall conſider in the ſame light, and treat in in the ſame manner, every Perſon that ſhall purchaſe any ſuch goods of them, or do buſineſs for them, or employ them in their buſineſs.

*Reſolved*, That the committees of correſpondence for the ſeveral towns we repreſent, be deſired to make diligent enquiry after the perſons who have ordered goods as aforeſaid, and inform the next county and colony meeting of what they ſhall diſcover, that their names may be publiſhed, their conduct expoſed, and their perſons avoided.

*Reſolved*, That if any merchant or traders in the towns aforeſaid ſhall attempt to engroſs any great or unuſual quantity of goods, with deſign to foreſtal and elude a non-importation agreement, we will find ways and means, without violating his private rights, to defeat his views, and make him ſenſible that virtue and public ſpirit will be more for his intereſt, than low ſelfiſhneſs and avarice can be.

Theſe meaſures, dictated by neceſſity, we enter upon for the preſervation of our liberties, which we have received from our Creator, and may not reſign or ſuffer to be raviſhed from us; at the ſame time it is the warmeſt wiſh of our hearts, that the wiſdom and equity of the Britiſh parliament may relieve us from our fears and danger, and that we may once more and for ever look up to our parent country with confidence and pleaſure; and, ſecure of our own rights, contribute all in our power to promote the honour, intereſt and happineſs of our elder brethren in Great-Britain. And,

Whereas we cannot yet be adviſed what meaſures the general Congreſs will recommend, and therefore are unable at preſent to adjuſt the particulars of a non-conſumption agreement, we think it may be of uſe to the merchants and traders in the aforeſaid towns, to be made acquainted with our reſolutions aforeſaid, and that we dedetermine in proper time to carry them into execution.

*Reſolved*, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Committee of Correſpondence for the town of Hartford, for their care and attention to the intereſt of the Public in calling this meeting, and that they be deſired to call a Colony meeting, at a ſuitable time and place, to finiſh the buſineſs now begun and entered, taking the advice of the Committee of Correſpondence for the towns of Windſor, Wethersfield and Middletown therein.

NEW-YORK, October 10.

AT a meeting of the Importers of Goods from Great-Britain, to take into conſideration the diſſatisfaction that has already appeared, upon the advance of divers articles, ſome of them the real neceſſaries of life; and being determined, as far as in us lies, to preſerve the peace of the city, we think it neceſſary, in order to remove the cauſe for any future murmurings, to make the following declaration:

That we will not, from the apprehenſion of a Non-importation Agreement, put any unreaſonable advance upon our goods; and when ſuch an agreement ſhall have taken place, we will continue to ſell them for a moderate profit, and no more.

That we will do our utmoſt to diſcourage all engroſſers, and perſons who buy up goods with a view of creating an artificial ſcarcity, thereby to obtain a more plauſible pretext for enhancing the prices.

That if any retailer or other perſon ſhould, by a contrary conduct, endeavour to defeat theſe our good intentions, *we will, as one man, decline dealing with him*; and ſhall conſider him or them as the author or authors of all the diſturbances, that ſhall be conſequent thereupon.

*Signed, by order of a large number of Importers, met at the Exchange,*

HENRY REMSEN.

*Ordered*, That the above declaration be publiſhed in all the News-papers.

We hear that five thouſand French regulars have been lately landed at the iſland of Hiſpaniola, from Old France.

This morning his Majeſty's 47th regiment, and part of the Royal Iriſh, will embark on board the tranſports, and ſail directly for Boſton. The remainder of the Royal Iriſh, we are informed, will be ſtationed here for the enſuing winter,

Thurſday laſt the Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Jefferies, ſailed with the mail for Falmouth.

*Extract of a letter from Quebec, dated September 20.*

"General Carleton (with his lady and family) arrived here laſt Sunday afternoon, and was received by the Lieutenant Governor, and all the French clergy, at his landing, when he had the honour to be kiſſed by the Biſhop, and afterwards very genteely introduced Popery, by placing him at his right hand in the chaiſe, in which manner he proceeded with him to the caſtle. He has ſince been viſited by every Frenchman, down to the meaneſt people in the place;—but very little by the *beggarly Engliſh* (as we hear he has been pleaſed to call them) and who, we may naturally conclude, are in general incenſed againſt him,—not only from his abuſe of them, but alſo on account of the deteſtable Quebec act, which is ſolely aſcribed to him, and ſaid to have been framed under his direction.

"The French have ſaid, "*That now all their laws "will be made by the General and the Biſhop*,"—and in fact, if the General was a Roman Catholic he could not ſhew them more reſpect than he does.

"The few Engliſh merchants here have made up a collection of wheat for the Boſtonians, and have ſhipped them 1000 buſhels in a brig belonging to Boſton, Captain Howes, who carries it freight free, and ſailed about 10 days ago.

"An expreſs arrived here, in 9 days, from New-York, with letters to Governor Carleton; and the 10th and 52d regiments are ordered to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark on an hour's warning; we expect every moment to hear of veſſels being taken to carry them to Boſton."

PHILADELPHIA, October 12.

*Remainder of the ELECTIONS.*

*York County. Repreſentatives*, James Ewing, Michael Swoop. *Sheriffs*, Charles Luken, George Eichelberger. *Coroners*, Joſeph Adlum, David Chandler.

*Cumberland County. Repreſentatives*, William Allen, John Montgomery. *Sheriffs*, Robert Semple, James Johnſon. *Coroners*, James Pollock, Samuel Culbertſon, *Commiſſioner*, Patrick Maxwell.

*Bedford County. Repreſentative*, Bernard Dougherty. *Sheriffs*, James Piper, Moſes Reed. *Coroners*, John Ceſſna, Andrew Man, *Commiſſioner*, Edward Coombs.

*Northumberland County. Repreſentative*, Samuel Hunter. *Sheriffs*, William Cook, William Scull. *Coroners*, James Murray, Samuel Harris. *Commiſſioner*, William Gray.

*Suſſex County. Repreſentatives*, Thomas Robinſon, John Clowes, Boaz Manlove, Benjamin Burton, David Hall, James Kench. *Sheriffs*, Dormon Loſland, Rhoads Shankland. *Coroners*, Littleton Townſend, Peter White.

On Friday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

We have authority to aſſure the Public, that the reports which have been circulated reſpecting a neighbouring Governor having wrote to the Miniſtry, recommending certain hoſtile meaſures againſt America, are without any juſt foundation.

We hear that the Univerſity of Edinburgh have conferred the degree of DOCTOR OF DIVINITY upon the Rev. Mr. JOHN EWING, of this city.

On the 3d inſtant died, at Glouceſter, New-Jerſey, in the 29th year of his age, JAMES BOWMAN, Eſq. Clerk and Prothonotary of the county, and one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

On Thurſday, the 6th inſtant, died LYN-FORD LARDNER, Eſq. in the 58th year of his age, one of the Proprietary and Governor's Council of this province. It was the Buſineſs, the Purpoſe of his Being, next to obeying him to whom he is gone, to pleaſe and inſtruct. Kindneſs, and a deſire of making all around him happy, were the motives of his actions, and, with all the capacity requiſite for making a figure in a contentious world, moderation, cheerfulneſs, affability and temperance, were the arts of his excellent life.

On Sunday laſt, at his ſeat near Newport, in New-Caſtle county, on Delaware, departed this life COLONEL WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, in the 71ſt year of his age.—He filled the important offices of a Juſtice of the Peace, a Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, and a Repreſentative in Aſſembly for that county, for many years, with reputation to himſelf, and ſatisfaction to the people.—He was a ſincere lover of liberty and his country, a tender huſband, an affectionate friend, an agreeable companion, and, in every relation of life, a truly benevolent and honeſt man.—Theſe virtues juſtly rendered him very popular when living, and his death greatly lamented.

By Captain Taylor, from Barbados, we learn, that on the 2d of September they had a very hard gale of wind at that Iſland, which laſted about ſix hours, during which moſt of the veſſels in Carliſle-Bay parted their cables, and drove out to ſea, but returned again without any further damage.

Captain Story, from London, which he left the 12th of Auguſt, ſailed in company with Captain Covill, in the Ship Sally, for this port.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, Inward Entries.

Brig Venus, Z. Story, from London. Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, R. Iſland. Sloop Lively, A. Lowell, Piſcataqua. Brig Nancy, J. Taylor, Brig John, J. Aſhmead, and Schooner Betſey, R. Benger, Barbados. Brig Jamaica Packet, R. Stanſbury, Jamaica. Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon, from Madeira.

OUTWARDS. Ship Rebecca and Suſanna, R. Caſſon, and Snow Ceres, N. Bodkin, for Liſbon. Schooner John, B. Chapman, and Ship Union, J. Steel, Virginia. Schooner Three Friends, S. Hinkley, Salem, N. E. Brig John and Richard, D. Wilkinſon, and Brig John, J. Aſhmead, Barbados. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Brig Betſey, S. Savadge, Jamaica. Ship Auguſtus, G. Geddis, Gibraltar. Sloop Polly, W. Shine, for N. Carolina.

CLEARED. Sloop Peggy, S. Seymour, to St. Euſtatia. Sloop Jane, J. Wainwright, and Brig Polly's Deſire, R. Fagan, Grenades. Schooner Betſey, P. Roſe, Brig Polly, W. M'Faddon, and Brig Rebecca, S. Lovell, Tortola. Schooner Jenny, D. Badger, and Sloop Mayflower, J. Fanning, N. Carolina. Brig Swift, C. Biddle, Hiſpaniola. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Madeira. Sloop Dolphin, L. Church, Portſmouth, N. E. Schooner Betſey, F. Savadge, and Schooner Sally, E. Webb, Virginia. Schooner Rockingham, J. Northey, Marblehead. Brig Two Brothers, G. Forreſter, and Sloop Suſanna, J. Correy, Jamaica. Sloop America, P. Allen, and Schooner Friendſhip, M. Drinkwater, Salem, N. E. Brig Morning Star, W. Price, St. Croix. Schooner Hopewell, J. Scott, St. Auguſtine. Sloop Faithful Brother, C. Berat, Senegal.


JUST PUBLISHED, AND TO BE SOLD BY
HALL AND SELLERS,
At the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
*Poor Richard's Almanack for* 1775.

*Philadelphia, October* 12, 1774.
GEORGE SCHLOSSER,
IN SECOND-STREET,
HATH juſt imported from LEEDS, about 150 Pieces of broad and narrow CLOTHS, from 3s. 3d. to 9s. Sterling, Coatings, and blue Duffils, which he will ſell for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, at a very low Advance. ¶

FREEHAUF and WYNKOOP
Have to ſell, wholeſale and retail, at their ſtore, in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, next door to the ſign of the Bunch of Grapes,
OLD Jamaica ſpirits; Weſt-India, New-England, and Philadelphia rum; melaſſes; French brandy; Liſbon and Teneriffe wines; geneva; loaf, lump, and muſcovado ſugars; bohea tea; coffee; chocolate; rice; pepper; alſpice; mace; cinnamon; cloves; nutmegs; ginger; copperas; allom; brimſtone; redwood; madder; indigo; ſtarch; cotton; beſt Florence oil, by the flaſk or ſmaller quantity; lamp oil, &c. &c.
Likewiſe diſtilled and ſold by them, all ſorts of cordials, viz. Anniſeed, allſours, clove water, ſnakeroot, cinnamon, &c. &c.
Ready money and the beſt price given for ſnakeroot.

*Lancaſter Goal, September* 23, 1774.
THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, a certain Negroe, named Thomas, otherwiſe called Cuff, he is about 5 feet 9 inches high, about 21 years of age; had on, when committed, a pair of good leather breeches, bluiſh coloured ſtockings, new ſhoes, with braſs buckles in them, a red jacket, new holland ſhirt, and a half-worn hat; he ſays he belongs to Mrs. Oberlin, who formerly lived in Philadelphia, now living in Croſſwicks, Weſt New-Jerſey. His miſtreſs is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away in three weeks, otherwiſe he will be diſcharged, paying his fees, by me GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler. †

PORÉE, Surgeon Dentiſt, from New-York,
BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of this city, that he may be conſulted at his apartments, at Mr. JUGIEZ's, Carver and Gilder, oppoſite Mr. Pemberton's garden, in Third-ſtreet, in all diſorders incident to the teeth and gums: To render the complaints attending thereon as little grievous as poſſible, he makes artificial teeth from one to a whole ſett, ſo as that they will appear as well, and be as eaſy and uſeful as natural ones, which he likewiſe fixes in an eaſy manner. He cleans teeth and draws ſtumps, ſo as not to give the leaſt pain, and makes a preparation for cleanſing and preſerving the teeth and gums. N. B. Said Operator has practiſed ſix years in the city of New-York, with great ſucceſs, and hopes to give equal ſatisfaction here. *October* 12, 1774. §

JUST PUBLISHED, AND TO BE SOLD BY
JAMES ADAMS,
At his Printing-Office, in Wilmington,
THE PENNSYLVANIA TOWN and COUNTRY-MAN'S ALMANACK, for the Year 1775, Alſo The WILMINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year 1775. ¶

WHITE and MONTGOMERY,
Have for ſale, at their ſtore, the upper ſide of Market-ſtreet wharff, by wholeſale and retail,
JAMAICA SPIRITS; Weſt-India and New-England RUM; Liſbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES; muſcovado, loaf, and lump SUGARS; pepper, alſpice, tea, coffee, chocolate, French and Carolina indigo; Weſton, Scotch, and Philadelphia ſnuff; alſo a cargo of Liſbon ſalt; all of which they will ſell cheap, for caſh or country produce.
N. B. Orders from the country, ſea ſtores, and ſhallopmens bills, put up on the ſhorteſt notice, with care and diſpatch.

GROUND GINGER, in Kegs; Pepper, Alſpice, French Indigo, Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, and divers other Articles, to be ſold by
BENEDICT DORSEY,
In Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Work-houſe. ¶

WILLIAM THORNE,
WRITING-MASTER and ACCOMPTANT,
At the Old School-Houſe, in Vidal's-Alley, in Second-ſtreet,
INTENDS to open his EVENING-SCHOOL, on Monday, the 17th of this inſtant October, for the Inſtruction of Youth in Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Navigation, Surveying, Gauging, &c.
☞ *TO BE LETT, A large CELLAR, under the ſaid School-Houſe, 41 Feet long, by near 19 Feet wide.* ¶

To be SOLD at public VENDUE, on the 31ſt inſtant,
*A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in Worceſter township, Philadelphia county, on the great road from Philadelphia to Reading, being 21 miles from the ſaid city, containing 50 acres; late belonging to Philip Fitzſimons, deceaſed, being a tavern above 30 years, joining Dr. Adolph Myers, and others; on the premiſes there is a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, with about nine rooms, and a kitchen, a large ſtone barn, with ſeveral large ſtone ſtables, alſo a large ſtore ſhed, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a large bearing orchard, with exceeding good fruit therein, there is between 12 and 15 acres of good meadow, that can be well watered all the year round, the place is exceeding well in fence, there is very fine woodland; the place will be ſold at private or public ſale; the vendue will begin at nine o' clock in the morning. Alſo will be ſold, ſeveral exceeding good horſes, and horned cattle, ſheep, hogs, waggons, plows, harrows, a new wind-mill, a quantity of beds, bedding, and bedſteads, tables, chairs, looking-glaſſes, new ſaddles; alſo all ſorts of kitchen furniture. The conditions of the payments will be given at the vendue, by* WILLIAM TOY, *and* JOSEPH CAUFFMAN, *Executors.* ¶

*Will be expoſed at Public Sale on the 29th of October inſtant,*
*A VALUABLE PLANTATION ſituated in Uwchland Township, Cheſter County; containing one hundred acres of good land, a good ſquare log-houſe two ſtories high, with three rooms on a floor, a cellar under the whole houſe, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe over a never-failing ſpring, a good log-barn, a garden walled in with ſtone, with a ſtream of water running through ſaid garden that never fails; there is about ſeventy acres cleared, about fifteen of which is good meadow watered with never-failing ſprings, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; there is alſo a ſmall bearing orchard; the wood land is well watered and timbered; the ſaid place will ſuit well for a tavern or ſtore; it is on the ſide of the great road leading from the White Horſe to Dunkertown, and neither tavern or ſtore within three miles of ſaid plantation. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may view it, and know the terms of ſale by applying to me now on the premiſes, where due attendance and reaſonable credit will be given.* ‖ *PETER WELLS.*

*Glouceſter, October* 11, 1774.
WE, the Subſcribers, Adminiſtrators of the eſtate of *James Bowman*, Eſq; late of Glouceſter, deceaſed, do hereby requeſt, that all the creditors of the deceaſed would give their attendance with their accounts, properly ſtated, at Glouceſter, on Wedneſday, the 19th day of this inſtant; at which time and place there will be a public ſale of the effects of the deceaſed, which conſiſts of a variety of houſhold and kitchen furniture, of the beſt quality; ſuch as mahogany chairs, tables, a deſk, beds and bedding, ſome plate, an excellent horſe, a cow, a lot of ground in ſaid town, the time of a ſervant girl, who has 4 years to ſerve, a variety of law, and other books (amongſt which are chief of the beſt reporters now in eſteem) there are numbers of other articles to be ſold, too tedious to enumerate in an advertiſement. All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired to attend at ſaid time and place, without further notice. JOSEPH ELLIS, and JOSEPH HUGG, Adminiſtrators. ‖ 2*W*.
N. B. As the Widow has engaged her paſſage for England this fall, it is hoped all perſons concerned will pay due attention.

TO BE SOLD,
*A MULATTOE Slave not yet 20 years of age, had the ſmall-pox and meaſles, he is a good farmer and carter; I have raiſed him from a child, and always found him honeſt, but indeed he wants a good maſter. For further particulars, apply to Mr. Andrew Carſon, or Mr. Whitehead, in Third-ſtreet; or to the owner, living in Bedminſter townſhip, Bucks county.* § ROBERT ROBINSON.

*Philadelphia, September* 27, 1774.
*WHEREAS my wife ELIZABETH DAFT hath eloped from me, and left my bed, without any juſt cauſe; I do therefore hereby forbid any perſon to truſt her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting from the date hereof.*
† *THOMAS DAFT.*

*THE 9th inſtant, was brought to me a black roan Gelding, about 14 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark; he was found in cuſtody of a perſon unknown, who was apprehended on ſuſpicion of theft, but found means to make his eſcape, and leave the horſe, which gives reaſon to believe he ſtole him. The owner, by applying to me, at my houſe, in the townſhip of Norrington and county of Philadelphia, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again. October* 10, 1774. ‖ JOHN BULL.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
*SEA NYMPH*,
JOSEPH BLEWER, MASTER,
A NEW VESSEL, conveniently provided with genteel Accommodations for Paſſengers; will ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSEPH BLEWER, at his Houſe, in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joſeph Sims's Wharff, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his Store on ſaid Wharff.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
on Thurſday, the 20th of October inſtant, on the premiſes,
A VALUABLE plantation, late the eſtate of William Litler, ſituate in Eaſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, about 39 miles from Philadelphia, and convenient for liming, it being diſtant about two miles from ſeveral lime-kilns, containing about 158 acres in the whole, about half cleared, the reſt well timbered and watered, 16 acres of good meadow cleared, and more may be made, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, with 3 rooms on a floor, with a ſtone kitchen adjoining, a ſpring-houſe, large barn and ſtables, a good bearing orchard, which ſeldom fails. And alſo at the ſame time will be expoſed to ſale, a good eight-day clock, feather beds and bedding, a waggon and horſes, cows, and young cattle, two caſes of drawers, plow and harrow, ſome ſwine, and ſeveral other implements of huſbandry, too tedious here to mention. The conditions, which will be reaſonable, will be made known at the time and place, by ROBERT WITHROW, and JOHN WALKER, Executors. ¶

*Lancaster, October 3, 1774.*

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by way of public vendue, on Tueſday, the firſt day of November next, at the houſe of Matthias Slough, in the Borough of Lancaſter, one third part of Elizabeth Furnace, and of all the lands thereunto belonging or in any manner appertaining, with all the buildings and improvements of every kind thereon erected or made, ſituate in Lancaſter county; one fourth part of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, and the reſidue in five years, in equal portions, with intereſt, ſecurity to be given, if required; the ſaid one third part of the premiſes being late the eſtate of Henry William Stiegel; ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN FERREE, Sheriff.

*Lancaſter, October 3, 1774.*

BY virtue of another writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by way of public vendue, on Tueſday, the firſt day of November next, at the houſe of Matthias Slough, in the Borough of Lancaſter, one other third part of Elizabeth Furnace, and of all the lands thereunto belonging or in any manner appertaining, with all the buildings and improvements of every kind thereon erected or made, ſituate in Lancaſter county; one fourth part of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, and the reſidue in five years, in equal portions, with intereſt, ſecurity to be given, if required; the ſaid one third part of the premiſes being late the eſtate of Alexander Stedman; ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN FERREE, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, at the day and place mentioned in the two foregoing advertiſements (and on the ſame terms)

MY third part of Elizabeth Furnace, and of all the lands thereto belonging, and held by the company of Alexander Stedman, Henry William Stiegel, and myſelf: The ſituation of this Furnace, near the center of ſo flouriſhing a county as Lancaſter, the well known good quality of the iron made there, and the improbability that any other opportunity will preſent of buying ſuch valuable iron-works, are circumſtances that no doubt will be attended to, by thoſe who incline to purchaſe.

A purchaſer of this Furnace, and the lands belonging to it, may ſeparate the following tracts from the iron-works, and ſell them, viz.

1ſt. The Minehole tract, in Lebanon townſhip, adjoining lands of Peter Gengery, and old Conrad Templeman's place, containing about 135 acres, reſerving the mine, coal and work-houſes, and a few acres around.

2d. The ſwamp plantation, in Elizabeth townſhip, adjoining lands of Ulrick Reeſor, Veltin Bowman, and others, containing about 300 acres, of which 100 acres are patented, the reſt under warrant and ſurvey, part of it fine meadow.

3d. The place formerly Jacob Wiſner's, in the ſame townſhip, containing about 100 acres, under warrant and ſurvey, adjoining lands of Hans Stukeys and Andrew Herſhey.

4th. The place formerly George High's, adjoining the places abovementioned, in the ſame townſhip, containing about 100 acres, under warrant and ſurvey.

5th. The place formerly Stephen Youkeys or Jacob's, joining lands of Joſeph Cratzer, in the ſame townſhip, under warrant and ſurvey, containing about 150 acres.

6th. The place formerly Dilman Shitzer's, in the ſame townſhip, near the Forge creek, adjoining Ulry Grall's mill, containing about 250 acres, with ſome good meadow.

7th. The place formerly Yoſt Bleeſher's, adjoining the laſt deſcribed tract, containing about 200 acres.

8th. The place formerly Simon Duy's, adjoining the laſt deſcribed tract, containing about 150 acres.

CHARLES STEDMAN.

By an order of an Orphans Court, will be ſold by public vendue, on the 8th day of November next, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, containing 149 acres of excellent lime ſtone land, ſituate in Eaſt Whiteland, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, and about 27 miles from the city, known by the ſign of the Lamb, it being now and for many years paſt a licenced houſe of entertainment; there is on ſaid plantation an excellent well finiſhed and convenient two ſtory ſtone houſe, four rooms on the firſt floor, and five on the ſecond, and a good garret, with a piazza the whole length of the houſe, two good wells of water at the door, and a very good ſtone barn, ſtables and ſhed, &c. about 100 acres of land are cleared, of which about 12 acres are good meadow, and may be watered; there is alſo a good bearing orchard of the beſt grafted fruit, a good limeſtone quarry and kiln; the woodland well timbered, and three of the fields may be conveniently watered with a conſtant ſtream. Alſo at the ſame time will be ſold horſes, ſheep, ſwine, plows, harrows, waggon, cart, gears, and ſome houſhold furniture, &c. Late the eſtate of Thomas Ives, deceaſed. The ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance, credit, and the conditions will be made known, by RACHEL IVES, and WILLIAM IVES, Adminiſtrat. †

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia, a Mulattoe Boy, about 17 or 18 years of age, with ſtraight black hair which he dreſſes; he is tall and ſlim, has a little blemiſh in one of his eyes, has been lately cured of a ſore on one of his great toes, and one on his ſhin bone a little above the inſtep; he is a barber by trade, dreſſes hair very well, is fond of ſtrong liquor, and was ſome time in Briſtol waiting on the ſubſcriber; he took with him a red coat turned up with white cape and cuffs, a black, a white and a blue ditto, a red, a black, and a white waiſtcoat, and white Ruſſia breeches. Whoever will apprehend him, and bring him to Meſſieurs FULLER and FISHER, in Philadelphia, or ſecure him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have a reward of Four Dollars if within 50 miles, and if further off the above reward, and all charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS BURTON.

*September 5, 1774.*

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, living in Straban townſhip, York county, on Great Conewagoe Creek, an Iriſh ſervant man, named PATRICK MORROW, but may change his name, about 5 feet 7 inches high, about 22 years of age, black frizly inclined hair, tied behind in a ſmall club, but not long, black complexion, has a down look, and is a ſullen ill-humoured like fellow, thick black heavy eye-brows, dark brannet eyed, a ſhort middling flat cock noſe, wide mouth, and thick lips, chews tobacco, has a want in his teeth before in his upper jaw, middling round ſhouldered, and ſtoops, eſpecially when he walks, ſmall legs, and his knees bend inwards a little, large feet; took with him a new raccoon fur hat, a new middling dark coloured wineſtone home made cloth coat, with mohair buttons, a good deal whiter than the cloth, a mixed plain linſey lining, a new light blue broadcloth waiſtcoat, lined with blue ſtuff and blue buttons, a pair of new nankeen breeches, two fine linen ſhirts, two pair of ſtockings, one new thread, the other blue worſted, a pair of new ſhoes, copper buckles, but may get others, as he is ſuppoſed to be the perpetrator or an accomplice in breaking open his maſter's houſe, and another houſe adjoining, and taking from thence to the amount of Eighteen Pounds in caſh, and three ſilk handkerchiefs. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, or brings him home, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT M'GREW.

N. B. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow, is deſired to ſearch him immediately, as he may have the money concealed ſomewhere about him, and very likely a forged paſs. ‡

To be SOLD, at private Sale, by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, this fall,

A Valuable PLANTATION, ſituate near the ſign of the Boot, in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 114 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, of good land, with the uſual allowance for roads; there is on the ſame a good two ſtory brick houſe, two rooms on a floor, and a good cellar under the whole, a well of excellent water near the door, a good ſpring-houſe, barns, ſtables, ſheds and other out-houſes, a good young bearing orchard, of 140 trees, about two-thirds of the land is cleared, and the woodland well timbered, near 20 acres of meadow made, and water in every field; it would ſuit well for a gentleman's country ſeat, or almoſt any public buſineſs; the title is indiſputable, and pays but One Shilling per hundred acres quitrent; plenty of limeſtone within two miles of the ſaid place, and it lies 25 miles from Philadelphia, and 18 from Cheſter.

¶ AMOS DAVIES.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tueſday, the 15th day of November next, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living in Bedminſter, in the county of Bucks, in the province of Pennſylvania,

A Valuable PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Bedminſter aforeſaid, containing 256¾ acres, 150 whereof cleared, 20 acres of which are exceeding fine watered meadow, of timothy and clover graſs; the whole of the clear land is under good fence; the woodland is well timbered; there is on the premiſes a large ſtone building, 30 by 36 feet, two ſtories high, with a cellar almoſt under the whole, a ſpring of never-failing water near the houſe; this tract may be divided into two, as there is a log houſe, well finiſhed, at the other end of the land, with a fine thriving orchard, of 100 apple trees, of excellent fruit; near the firſt mentioned houſe is a large orchard, of about 300 trees, which never fails of bearing abundance of apples, and a fine large cyder houſe, with a well finiſhed loft to hold grain; there is a large barn, with cow and horſe ſtables at each end, a large ſheep and calf-houſe, and lofts in it to put hay; the upland very kindly, inclinable to graſs, and all ſorts of grain will grow in ſo luxuriant a manner as to endanger its lodging. This plantation is convenient to mills and market, as it is but 32 miles from Philadelphia, 20 from New-town, the county town, 1 from the Preſbyterian, and about 1 from the Meniſt meeting-houſes, 4 from the Quaker, and 5 from the Lutheran and Calviniſt German churches, and about ¼ from a griſt-mill; upon the whole, it is ſituate in as healthy and pleaſant country as in the province, ſurrounded with wealthy, and as good ſort of people as in the world. Alſo will be ſold, the ſame day, to the higheſt bidder, cows, horſes, ſheep and ſwine, plows, harrows, with abundance of utenſils for huſbandry, a large variety of houſhold furniture, amongſt which are a large copper ſtill, a fine clock, with many other things, too tedious to mention.---The vendue will begin about 9 o' clock in the morning, where due attendance and reaſonable credit will be given, by

JOHN BOAZ.

N. B. The above land pays no quitrents, a good ſufficient title will be made to the purchaſer, on paying the firſt payment, ſufficient time will be given for the others. ‖ 10ſ.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the 24th day of October, 1773, from the ſubſcriber, living in the Forks townſhip, Northampton county, a ſervant man, named ABRAHAM FITCHET, or FISHER, born on Staten-Iſland, of Engliſh deſcent, he is about 34 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, ſmall faced, rediſh beard, ſeveral powder ſpots in his face by the flaſh of a gun, and his face thin and lean, ſhort black hair, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and ſometimes Low Dutch, is much given to liquor, and to talk of the war, as he has been out three or four campaigns laſt war; had on, when he went away, a half-worn felt hat, a new brown lincey jacket, with ſmall cuffs, with metal or pewter buttons, a new under blue and white Wilton jacket, home made, with buttons of the ſame, a new coarſe homeſpun linen ſhirt, tow and linen trowſers, new ſhoes, with large ſquare carved braſs buckles, black and white yarn ſtockings. Perhaps he may change his clothes, as he is uſed to do. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and, if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN VAN ETTEN.

*** He has been a Sailor; all maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. *October 8, 1774.* ¶

*RUN away, the ſecond of October inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in the Borough of Lancaſter, an apprentice lad, named* Michael Houſeal *(he ſays he is a ſon of the Rev. Mr. Houſeal, Miniſter, in New-York) he is a ſlim, active, ill-natured fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, fair complexion, red ſandy coloured hair, tied behind; had on, and took with him, a brown ſuit of clothes, almoſt new, of broadcloth, alſo another coat, of red and white mixed broadcloth, one ſhort coatee, of white fuſtian, 4 or 5 fine ſhirts, ſome with ruffles; he is much pitted in the face with the ſmall-pox, and a ſadler by trade. Whoever takes up the ſaid apprentice, and brings him to me, ſhall have One Dollar reward.* HENRY DEHUFF.

*** *It is ſuſpected he is gone off with one Jacob Zeigler, an apprentice to Mr. Mendenhall, watch-maker, in Lancaſter.* ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Cumberland townſhip, York county, a Scotch ſervant man, named JOHN M'DONALD, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, has black curled hair, ſpeaks in the Scotch dialect, and is a miller by trade; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a felt hat, a blue camblet coat, two new linen ſhirts, check trowſers, blue ſtockings, blue velvet jacket, new ſhoes and plated buckles, a ſilver watch, and a good fiddle. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

*September 12, 1774.* § JOHN FLEMING.

*RUN away, on the 19th of June laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Thomas Dodd, but will change it to Thomas Douglaſs, or ſome other name; had on, when he went away, a check ſhirt, ticken breeches, a blue cloth ſurtout, nankeen jacket; but ſuppoſed to have changed his clothes; a thick well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a brown complexion, has ſeveral ſcars on one of his cheeks and neck; he may ſhew a certificate of marriage to William Jones's daughter, of Philadelphia. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* SAMUEL MORRIS. ¶

*RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt Nantmil townſhip, Cheſter county, a ſervant girl, named Sarah Lucas, came from Dublin, of a middle ſtature, brown curled hair, a good deal pitted with the ſmall-pox, and ſpeaks good Engliſh; took with her, when ſhe went away, a new linen petticoat, ſtriped blue, red and yellow, a green and yellow ſtriped lincey ditto, and a blue and white ſtriped petticoat; three ſhort gowns, one of blue and white ſtriped linen, another calicoe, with black and white ſpots, and the other of ſtriped lincey; a long calicoe gown, with round red ſpots, two good ſhifts of common ſhirting linen, a new red flag handkerchief, and a blue and white linen ditto, a new pair of high heel ſhoes, and a white linen bonnet. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures her in goal, ſo as her maſter may have her again, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ¶ SAMUEL MACKELDUFF.

*N. B. She is much inclined to ſtrong drink, and this is the third time of her running away.*

*New-Jerſey, September 30, 1774.*

WHEREAS CALEB WOODROW, now confined for debt in the goal of the county of Cumberland, has preſented a petition to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for ſaid county, praying a releaſement from priſon.---Public notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the ſaid Caleb Woodrow, to meet at the houſe of Daniel Taylor, inn-keeper, in Bridgetown, on Monday, the 24th day of October next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why he ſhould not be diſcharged from priſon.

*York County Goal, October 3, 1774.*

*WAS committed to my cuſtody, on the 27th ult. a certain perſon who calls himſelf John M'Gowan, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant; is about 25 or 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; had on, when committed, a ſhort jacket, mixed blue and white, a flaxen ſhirt, tow trowſers, and a coarſe felt hat, bound round with yellow tape. His maſter, if any he has, is deſired to come in four weeks from the date hereof, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his fees, by*

¶ MICHAEL GRAYBLE, *Goaler.*

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Moreland townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 30th of the Ninth Month, a dark brown HORSE colt, with a ſtar in his forehead, and ſnip on his lip; he is ſuppoſed to be a year old laſt ſpring. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN WOOD. ¶

CAME to the plantation of JAMES LOVE, living in Newberry townſhip, York county, the 10th of June laſt, a black MARE, about 15 years old, paces and trots, has a ſtar in her forehead, and branded on her near ſhoulder with the letters AK joined together The owner may have her again, on proving his property, and paying charges. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber has eſtabliſhed a STAGE-BOAT, to ply between Philadelphia and Cohanſey Bridge, in New-Jerſey, to touch at Greenwich, and propoſes to ſet off from Stamper's wharff, in Philadelphia, wind and weather permitting, every Thurſday, and to leave Cohanſey Bridge on Monday, in every week, each paſſenger to pay Five Shillings from Cohanſey Bridge, and Four Shillings and Six-pence from Greenwich, and One Shilling per hundred weight for baggage. Orders, and goods, left at the Widow *Mallaby*'s, next the Drawbridge, Philadelphia, at Mr. *David Ireland*'s, Merchant, at Cohanſey Bridge, and at Mr. *Jeremiah Bowen*'s, at Greenwich, will be duly attended to.

*October 5, 1774.* JAMES PARKER.

*Chriſtiana Hundred, September 10, 1774.*

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, about 21 years paſt, by indenture of bargain and ſale, purchaſed from Ebenezer Wollaſton, and Joanna, his wife, a tract of land, ſituate and being in the ſaid Hundred; bounded by lands of John Richardſon, Eſq; John Sennex, Iſrael Robinſon, and others, containing about fifty acres, more or leſs, and have been in the peaceable poſſeſſion thereof ever ſince; but, ſoon after the ſaid purchaſe, I had the misfortune to have my houſe conſumed by fire, and all my deeds, papers and effects therein, were burnt; but now, having ſold the ſaid tract of land for a valuable conſideration, to John Lynam, of ſaid Hundred, farmer, am under the neceſſity to apply to the honourable Houſe of Aſſembly for the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, on Delaware, for their aid in the premiſes, and propoſe to prefer a petition for that purpoſe, on Wedneſday, the 26th day of October next, and deſire the heirs, or repreſentatives, of the ſaid Wollaſton (if any) and all other perſons, who may think themſelves intereſted in the ſaid land, to appear and make their objections, if any they have.

¶ JOHN SAUDER.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Hopewell townſhip, Cumberland county, the 31ſt of July laſt, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN PURSLEY, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 23 years of age, a thick well ſet fellow, red faced, ſandy coloured hair, has a remarkable ſcar on his head, and a hair mole on the right ſide of his chin, which he always ſhaves off with his beard; had on a beaver hat, a fine brown coat, blue jacket, buckſkin breeches, black ſtockings, good ſhoes, and large braſs buckles; he was lately ſeen near Newport; it is probable he may change his name and clothes, and perhaps forge a paſs. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by GEORGE CUNNINGHAM. § 9 w.

*Wilmington, Ninth-Month 10, 1774.*

*THIS is to give notice, that a majority of the owners of Deer-creek Marſh intend to apply to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly for the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, upon Delaware, on Third-day, the 25th of the Tenth-Month next, in order to obtain a law for ſupporting the banks, dams and ſluices of the ſaid Marſh, and for the better managing thereof; at which time and place thoſe who have any objections thereto are deſired to attend.*

*Signed per order by* JOHN STAPLER,
5 w. JOHN LEA.

*Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, September 12, 1774.*

*THE ſeveral owners and poſſeſſors of the Marſh, commonly called Cherry Iſland Marſh, ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, are hereby deſired to take notice, that we the ſubſcribers, together with ſundry other owners of ſaid Marſh, do intend to apply to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly for the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, on Delaware, on Monday, the 24th day of October next, at the town of New-Caſtle, for an amendment to the ſupplement to an act, intituled, An act to enable the owners and poſſeſſors of ſaid Marſh to keep the dams, banks and ſluices, in good repair, &c. at which time and place thoſe who have any objections are deſired to attend, and ſhew their objections, if any they may have, to the application.*

GEORGE EVANS,
JOHN LEA.

New-Caſtle, September 10, 1774.

THE ſeveral owners and poſſeſſors of the marſh at the north-eaſt and north-weſt ends of the town of New-Caſtle, are hereby deſired to take notice that we, the ſubſcribers, together with ſundry other owners of ſaid marſh, do intend to apply to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly for the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, on Delaware, on Saturday, the 22d day of October next, at the town of New-Caſtle, for a Law, obliging the ſeveral owners and poſſeſſors of the ſaid marſh to ſupport and maintain their reſpective proportions of the bank or dyke, incloſing the ſaid marſh, &c. at which time and place thoſe who have any objections are deſired to attend.

† DAVID FINNEY,
GEORGE MONRO.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday, the 26th of October inſt. on the premiſes,

A CERTAIN ſtone meſſuage and lot of ground, with a ſtone kitchen adjoining thereto, ſituate in York-town, in the county of York, and lately occupied by Elijah Etting, ſhop-keeper; the houſe fronts on High-ſtreet, near the centre of the town, is two ſtories high, with an excellent arched cellar under the ſame, and on the premiſes there are a good pump and a large ſtable; the ſituation is very proper either for a ſtore or tavern.---Should any perſon incline to purchaſe before the day of ſale, the terms may be known, by applying to ADAM HUBLEY, and THOMAS ASSHETON, in Philadelphia. §

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